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#### Chronic inorganic nitrate administration increases the expression of genes involved in the browning of gonadal adipose tissue in ovariectomized rats

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#### Menopause

- 10% of the world's adult population
- 1.2 billion by 2030
- Increased risk of type 2 diabetes and obesity

Ng M, Fleming T et al. The Lancet, 2014

Flegal KM et al. Jama, 2016

Hales CM et al. Jama, 2018

#### Menopause and Obesity

#### Prevalence

✓ 857 million (1993)
✓ 2.1 billion (2013)
✓ 3.7 billion (2025)

≻Women are more susceptible to obesity

✓35.7% in 2006 to 40.8% in 2016

✓ increases from 12-17% in premenopausal women to 19-25% in postmenopausal women

Ng M, Fleming T et al. The Lancet, 2014 Flegal KM et al. Jama, 2016 Hales CM et al. Jama, 2018



## The pathways of nitric oxide (NO) production



Jones, A.M., et al., Dietary Nitrate and Physical Performance. Annu Rev Nutr, 2018.



 $\succ$  Knockout or inhibition of UCP1, PGC1- $\alpha$ , and PPAR- $\gamma$  increase risk of obesity

PPAR-γ, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor-γ; PGC-1α, PPAR-γ coactivator 1α; UCP1, uncoupling protein 1

(Vijgen et al., 2011; PLoS One (Lowell et al., 1993; Nature)

Despite the higher prevalence of obesity in menopause women, anti-obesity effects of inorganic nitrate/nitrite have mainly been studied in male animals.

#### Women vs. Men

#### Nitrate-nitrite-NO pathway

✓ Higher activity of the nitrate-nitrite-NO pathway

✓ Higher values of whole-body production and activity of NO

✓ Oral nitrate-reducing capacity

✓ Higher increases in nitrite level in serum (2-fold) following nitrate administration

#### **Browning of WAT**

 $\checkmark$  Higher expression of genes involved in browning of WAT

 $\checkmark$  Higher potential to induce browning of WAT

 $\checkmark$  Higher mass and activity of brown adipose tissue

Jackson JK et al. Nutrition reviews .2018 Kapil Vet al. Hypertension. 2010 Forte P . Hypertension. 1998 Kapil V et al. Free radical biology & medicine. 2018

## Material & methods

#### **Experimental protocol and the timeline of the study**



PPAR- $\gamma$ , peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor- $\gamma$ ; PGC-1 $\alpha$ , PPAR- $\gamma$  coactivator 1 $\alpha$ ; UCP1, uncoupling protein 1

#### **Methods**

#### Measurements

- NO metabolites (nitrite+nitrate; NOx) concentration: Griess method.
- **cGMP concentration:** Rat specific ELISA kit (ZellBioGmbh, Germany)
- Protein levels of PPAR-γ, PGC-1α, and UCP1: Commercial ELISA kits (ZellBio GmbH, Germany).
- mRNA expression of PPAR-γ, PGC-1α, and UCP1 : Real time PCR, (Corbett Rotor-Gene 6000, Germany)
- **Browning and size of adipocytes:** H&E staining and consequently stereology

#### **Methods**

### **Statistical analysis**

- Data were analyzed using the GraphPad Prism software (Version 6)
   Values are expressed as mean ± SEM.
- □ **Two-way mixed (betweenwithin)** analysis of variance (ANOVA) followed by the Bonferroni posthoc test was used for comparing mean values for verification
- **One-way ANOVA** followed by the Bonferroni post-hoc test was used to compare protein levels of UCP1, PPAR- $\gamma$ , and PGC1- $\alpha$ , NOx, and cGMP concentrations, as well as adipocyte density and area in gonadal adipose tissue samples between groups.
- □ Fold changes in mRNA expression for UCP1, PPAR- $\gamma$ , and PGC1- $\alpha$  were calculated by the 2<sup>-  $\Delta\Delta$ Ct</sup> method and the Mann-Whitney U test was used for comparing fold changes between groups.
- $\Box$  Two-sided **P-values** < 0.05 were considered statistically significant.

# Results

#### **Verification of ovariectomy in rats**

| Parameter                                     | Before ovariectomy | After ovariectomy |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| Estradiol (pg/mL)                             | $112.7 \pm 10.8$   | 41.12 ± 10.2*     |
| Progesterone (ng/mL)                          | 55.9 ± 7.2         | 14.2 ± 2.2*       |
| Luteinizing hormone (mIU/mL)                  | 1.3 ± 0.2          | 36.5 ± 10.4*      |
| Follicle-stimulating hormone (mIU/mL)         | $42.2 \pm 4.0$     | 257.3 ± 60.3*     |
| Body weight (g)                               | 206.0 ± 2.3        | 250.1 ± 5.4*      |
| Uterine weight (g)                            | $1.27 \pm 0.10$    | 0.31 ± 0.03*      |
| * P < 0.05; Results are mean±SEM (n=7/group). |                    | i                 |





#### **Results**

# Effect of sodium nitrate on mRNA (A) and protein (B) levels of PGC1-α in gonadal adipose tissue

Results are mean ± SEM (n = 7/group). \* and # p < 0.05 compared to control and OVX groups, respectively. CN, control + nitrate; OVX+N, OVX+ nitrate.



#### **Results**

# Effect of nitrate on mRNA (A) and protein (B) levels of UCP-1 in gonadal adipose tissue

Results are mean ± SEM (n = 7/group). \* and # p < 0.05 compared to control and OVX groups, respectively. CN, control + nitrate; OVX+N, OVX+ nitrate.



#### **Results** Effect of nitrate on adipocyte density (A) and adipocyte area (B) in gonadal adipose tissue



Results are mean  $\pm$  SEM (n = 7/group). \* and # p < 0.05 compared to control and OVX groups, respectively. CN, control + nitrate; OVX+N, OVX+ nitrate. (400x magnification, scale bar = 10 µm).

#### **Conclusion**

Favorable effects of long-term nitrate administration in OVX rats is, at least in part, due to browning of WAT and also associated with increased PPAR- $\gamma$ , PGC-1 $\alpha$ , and UCP1 level in adipose tissue.



# Thankyou...